

## Speaker Cable (Single) (4S6)



**Product Name** 

**Speaker Cable (Single)** 

Model Number

**4**S6

A lighter gauge, very flexible speaker cable, using  $4 \times 20$  AWG insulated conductors. Good choice for high frequency components, short cable runs or DC line cords.

- PA Systems.
- Hi-Fi Speakers.
- DC Power Lines.
- Super Flexibility, even in Sub-Zero Weather.
- Star Quad Design Reduces EMI Noise.
- Low Capacitance and Resistance.

			MEC	CHANICA	AL SPEC	IFICATION	IS			
Model	Std. Lng.	Wt Std. Lng.	Nom. O.D.	PVC Jacket Nom. Thick. in. (mm)	Brittle Point F° (C°)	No. of Cond.	Insul. Type* Thick mil	Cond-AWG (Qty./mil) Cross Sec. Area mil. <sup>2</sup> Twin Cond. AWG**	Pitch of Quad in. (mm)	Shield Cover- age
	ft. (m)	lbs (kgs)	in. (mm)							
456	328 (100) 656 (200)	24 (11)	.252 (6.4)	.032 (0.8)	-56 (-49)	4 RED CLR RED WHT CLR WHT	<b>PE</b> 19.7	AC-#20 (20/7.09) 791 #17	<1.78 <45	-

<sup>\*</sup>Dielectric Strength = 500V AC/1min. Insulation Resistance/3Mft = >1000M ohm.

\*\*Effective AWG of combined twin conductors.

ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE/QUAD WIRED									
Model	Cond. D.C.R. ohm/1000ft (ohm/100m)	Shield D.C.R. ohm/1000ft (ohm/100m)	Nom. Cap. ***	Nom. Cap. † pF/m	Nom. Imp. ohm	Nom. Atten. V/1000ft (V/100m)	Group Delay Time nS/ft (nS/m)		
456	11.4 (3.7)	-	125	-	-	-	-		

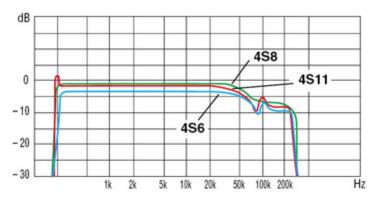
<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Capacitance between twin Red and twin White conductors.

†Capacitance between conductors to shield.

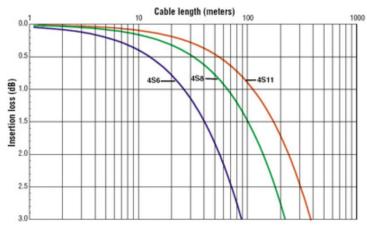


				COLO	RS AVAI	LABLE				
Model	Black	Blue	Brown	Gray	Green	Orange	Purple	Red	White	Yellow
456	[+]	[0]		[+]				[0]		

[+]=Standard Color, [o]=Available Color, "- -"=n/a



## **Frequency Responce**



## **Insertion Loss**

DAMPING FACTOR: Always try to keep speaker cables as short as possible and select cable models that offer a higher damping factor; 20-50 for music (i.e. concert sound) and 10-20 for speech (i.e. sport stadiums).

The greater the damping factor (DF), the better the ability to control speaker excursion to create sharp, clear quality in the low end frequency range.

Damping Factor = speaker impedance power amp. output impedance + speaker cable cond. resistance

Model	Pair cond. resist. (Ω/10	(m00	Cond. resist. (Ω/100m)	Cable length/damping factor		
	& cross-sec (mm²)		for return path	DF=20	DF=50	
456	1.87/1.0mm <sup>2</sup> AWG	17	3.7	9.5m	3.0m	
458	0.75/2.5mm <sup>2</sup> AWG	14	1.5	23.3	7.3	
4511	0.43/4.3mm <sup>2</sup> AWG	11	0.87	40.2	12.6	

As the formula to the left shows, a higher conductor resistance causes a lower damping factor, which prevents even top quality power amps from perform-ing at peak optimum levels.